

EM9918 READER

GENERAL FEATURES

- 125KHz carrier frequency
- Reading of amplitude-modulated transponders
- Efficient tag management
- Easy to build up a control system

This reader is supplied in a PCB board containing RF circuits, an 8-bit microcontroller and data output connections. Its main functions are driving the antenna, sending demodulated data into microcontroller, checking the input data code and processing the output data format.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

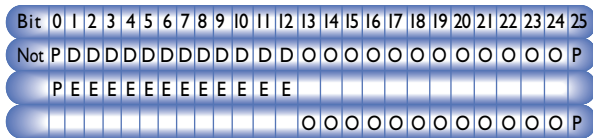
- An RFID reader system
- An external DC 12V voltage that provides 0.2A current power supply is needed.
- the card with EM format is needed

The following is Data Connection of Reader:

Number	Color	Name	Description
1	BLACK	GND	GND
2	RED	DC +12V	DC +12V POWER
3	GREY	OK_SD	Indicated start and end for WIEGAND 26
4	YELLOW	D0	WEIGAND 26 DATA0
5	GREEN	D1	WEIGAND 26 DATA1
6	WHITE	LED	LED Control line, the light color from red to green as LED pulled down.
7	BLUE	BEEP	Buzzer Control line, the buzzer beep as BEEP pulled down.
8	BROWN	RS232	Rs232 data line

THE OUTPUT DATA FORMAT

1. Wiegand Format 26bit



Note: E: Summed for even parity O: Summed for odd parity
 LSB: Normal 24 P: Parity (EVEN or ODD) MSB: Normal 01
 D: Data code for card: the data will use the last 24 data bits of card

SYMBOL	Parameter	Limits Min	Limits Max	Type	UNITS
THD	Hold Start data read delay time	0.5	2	0.55	mS
TDW	Data Pulse width time	20	100	48	μS
TIW	Data Pulse interval time	0.2	4	2	mS
TSN	Data Send delay time	5	-	80	mS
TCS	Hold and Start read time	40	120	100	mS
TA	Total scan time	100	-	-	mS

2. RS232 interface format

This transceiver unit is designed as RS232-ready. Please follow these notes:

- The connection of RS232 interface is ready in the PCB schematic, please refer to the instruction to connect.
- Interface of a computer that accepts the RS232 data can use the Windows application software "Hyper Terminal" which defines the COM port and sets these data:
 - a. Data baud rate: 9600BPS
 - b. Begin bit: 0
 - c. Parity check: NONE
 - d. Data bit: 8 bits
 - e. Top bit: 1
 - f. Low control : HARDWARE.
- RS232 interface software can transfer the 40 bits data °] i.e., 64 bits excluding 9 bits header and 15 bits parity^{o^} into a 10 digits ASCII code. For example:

B0---,B9--,B14--,B19--,B24--,B29--,B34--,B39--,B44--,B49--,B54--,B59-B63;11111111,10001,01001,11000,00101,10100,01100,11101,00011,10010,01010,11010.Refer the data format table:

	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ROW0=8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PD0=1
ROW1=4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	PD1=1
ROW2=C	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	PD2=0
ROW3=2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	PD3=1
ROW4=A	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	PD4=0
ROW5=6	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	PD5=0
ROW6=E	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	PD6=1
ROW7=1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	PD7=1
ROW8=9	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	PD8=0
ROW9=6	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	PD9=0
	PCI=1	PCI=1	PC2=0	PC3=1	0	0	0	0	0

DIMENSION

Reader measurement:
 two levels 113.5mmX45.6mm
 (length, not including connected pin)
 Cable measurement:
 8 pin and length is 100cm.

From the RS232 interface in the computer will get the 11 digits ASCII code are: 38H,34H,43H 32H,41H,36H,45H,31H,39H,35H,0DH